VS-GW1202-16S User Manual

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Version1.0 (2014-01-22)

Full text

The overall layout adjustment

Version1.1(2014-04-15)

Full text

Version1.2(2016-08-4)

Full text

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1. Overview

What is VS-GW1202-16S?

OpenVox VoxStack Series Analog Gateway is an open source asterisk-based Analog VoIP Gateway solution for SMBs and SOHOs. With friendly GUI and unique modular design, users may easily setup their customized Gateway. Also secondary development can be completed through AMI (Asterisk Management Interface).

There are three models with VoxStack series Analog Gateway, the VS-GW1202-8S, VS-GW1202-16S and VS-GW1600-40S. There are 8 ports in VS-GW1202-8S. The Modular Design Analog Gateways are ranging from 8 up to 40 ports, developed for interconnecting the PSTN networks with a wide selection of codecs and signaling protocol, including G.711A, G.711U, G.729, G.722, G.723 and iLBC to quickly reduce communication expenses and maximize cost-savings. With the unique design of the VoxStack gateway, it can support hot-swap. Users can simply add or remove the modules for hardware expansion or exchange.

The VoxStack gateway designs with 2 LAN switch boards to provide stack ability on the hardware upgrade. You can choose either of them.

The Analog gateway use standard SIP protocol and compatible with Leading IMS/NGN platform, IPPBX and SIP servers, support most of the VoIP operating platforms such as Asterisk, Elastix, 3CX, FreeSWITCH ,Broadsoft etc.

Sample Application

Figure 1-2-1 Topological Graph

Product Appearance

The picture below is appearance of Analog Series Gateway.

VS-GW1202-8S **VS-GW1600-40S**

Figure 1-3-1 Product Appearance

Main Features

- Modular and VoxStack design
- Based on Asterisk®
- Editable Asterisk® configuration file
- Support T.38 fax relay and T.30 fax transparent, can continually fax multiple page
- Echo cancellation and Static jitter buffer
- Wide selection of codecs and signaling protocol
- DTMF relay
- Ring cadence and frequency setting
- MWI(Message waiting indicator)
- DHCP , DNS/DDNS, NAT Network
- VAG and CNG
- All hot-swap
- Stable performance, flexible dialing, friendly GUI
- Two-year time warranty

Physical Information

Table 1-5-1 Description of Physical Information

Weight	732g
Size	15cm*19cm*4.5cm
Temperature	-20~70°C (Storage)
	0~40°C (Operation)

Operation humidity	10%~90% non-condensing
Power source	12V DC/4A
Max power	16W
LAN port	2

Software

Default IP: 172.16.99.1
Username: admin
Password: admin

Please enter the default IP in your browser to scan and configure the module you want. Now we offer you two RJ45 Network ports to access to your gateway on the board, ETH1 and ETH2. You can choose either of them and they are the same.

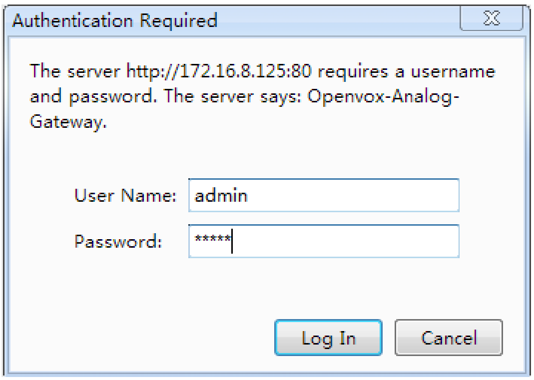
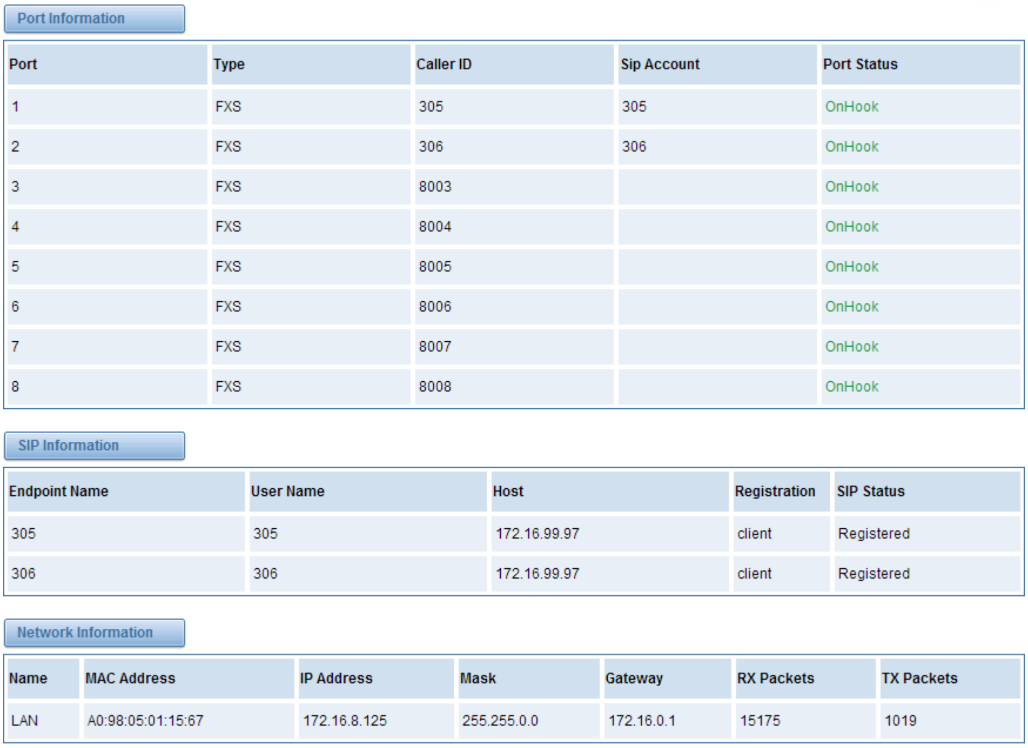


Figure 1-6-1 LOGIN Interface

2. System

Status

On the “Status” page, you will see Port/SIP/Network information and status.



Port Information

Port	Type	Caller ID	Sip Account	Port Status
1	FXS	305	305	OnHook
2	FXS	306	306	OnHook
3	FXS	8003		OnHook
4	FXS	8004		OnHook
5	FXS	8005		OnHook
6	FXS	8006		OnHook
7	FXS	8007		OnHook
8	FXS	8008		OnHook

SIP Information

Endpoint Name	User Name	Host	Registration	SIP Status
305	305	172.16.99.97	client	Registered
306	306	172.16.99.97	client	Registered

Network Information

Name	MAC Address	IP Address	Mask	Gateway	RX Packets	TX Packets
LAN	A0:98:05:01:15:67	172.16.8.125	255.255.0.0	172.16.0.1	15175	1019

Figure 2-1-1 System Status

Time

Table 2-2-1 Description of Time Settings

Options	**Definition**
System Time	Your gateway system time.
Time Zone	The world time zone. Please select the one which is the same or the closest as your city.
POSIX TZ String	Posix time zone strings.
NTP Server 1	Time server domain or hostname. For example, [time.asia.apple.com].

NTP Server 2	The first reserved NTP server. For example, [time.windows.com].
NTP Server 3	The second reserved NTP server. For example, [time.nist.gov].
Auto-Sync from NTP	Whether enable automatically synchronize from NTP server or not. ON is enable, OFF is disable this function.
Sync from NTP	Sync time from NTP server.
Sync from Client	Sync time from local machine.

For example, you can configure like this:

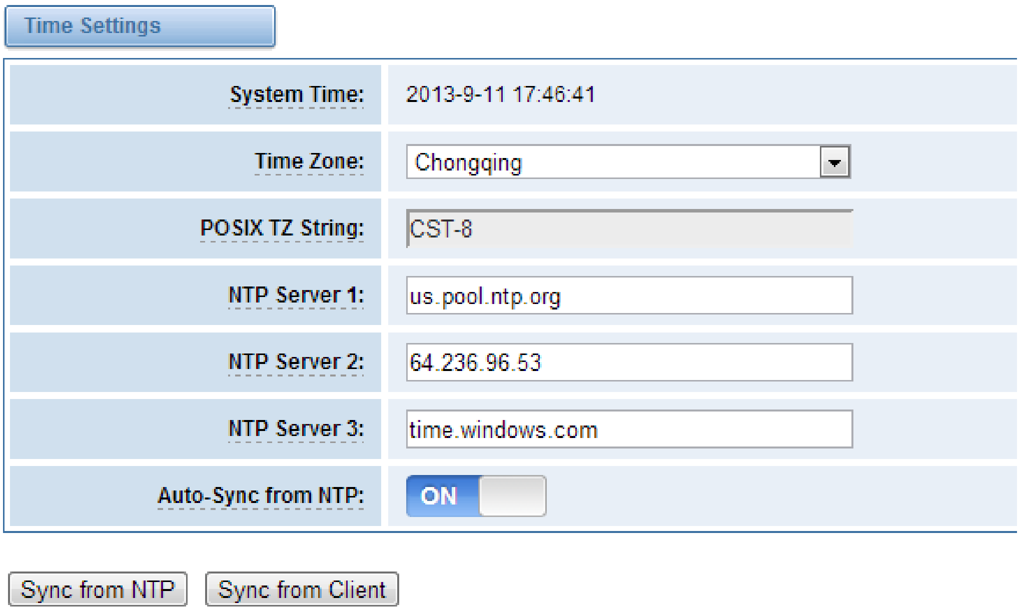


Figure 2-2-1 Time Settings

You can set your gateway time Sync from NTP or Sync from Client by pressing different buttons.

Login Settings

Your gateway doesn't have administration role. All you can do here is to reset what new username and password to manage your gateway. And it has all privileges to operate your gateway. You can modify both your “Web Login Settings” and “SSH Login Settings”. If you have changed these settings, you don’t need to log out, just rewriting your new user name and password will be OK.

Table 2-3-1 Description of Login Settings

Options	**Definition**

User Name	Define your username and password to manage your gateway, without space here. Allowed characters "-_+. < >&0-9a-zA-Z". Length: 1-32 characters.
Password	Allowed characters "-_+. < >&0-9a-zA-Z". Length: 4-32 characters.
Confirm Password	Please input the same password as 'Password' above.

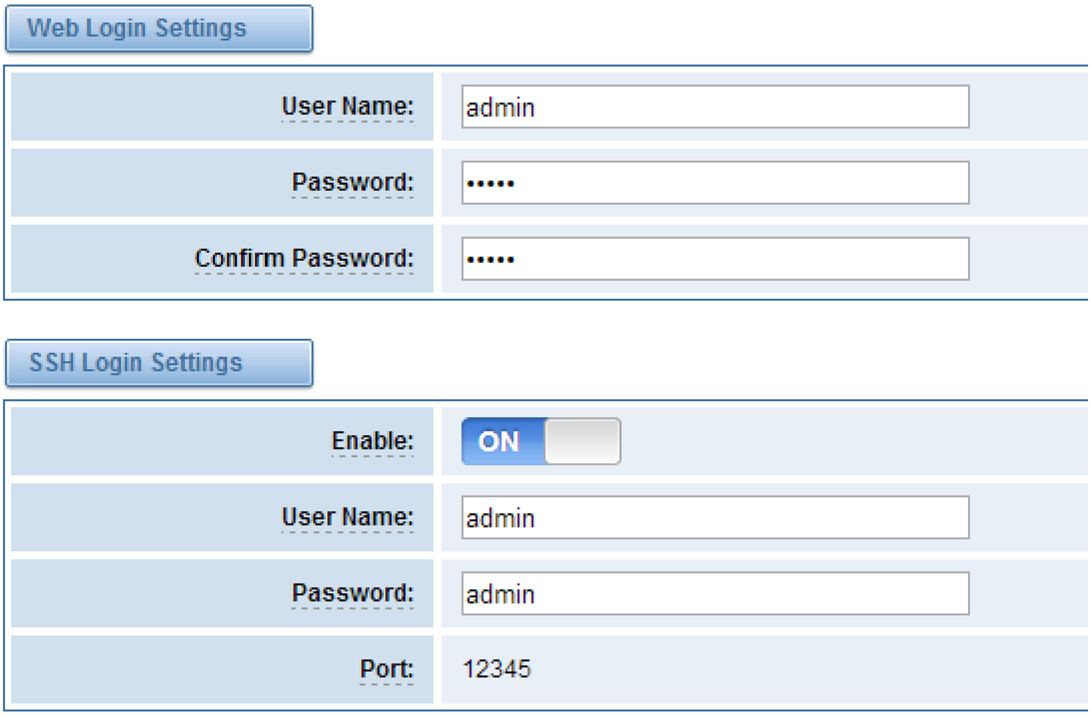


Figure 2-3-1 Login Settings

Notice: Whenever you do some changes, do not forget to save your configuration.

General, Cluster, Tools and Information

Language Settings

You can choose different languages for your system. If you want to change language, you can switch “Advanced” on, then “Download” your current language package. After that, you can modify the package with the language you need. Then upload your modified packages, “Choose File” and “Add”, those will be ok.

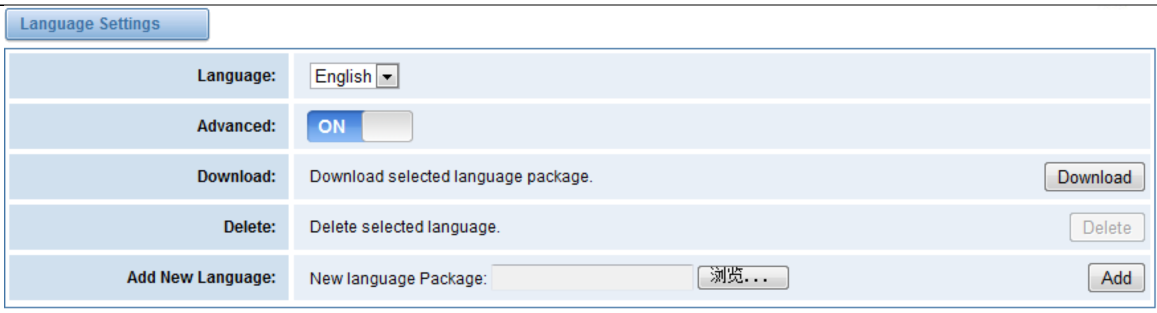


Figure 2-4-1 Language Settings

Scheduled Reboot

If switch it on, you can manage your gateway to reboot automatically as you like. There are four reboot types for you to choose, “By Day, By Week, By Month and By Running Time”.

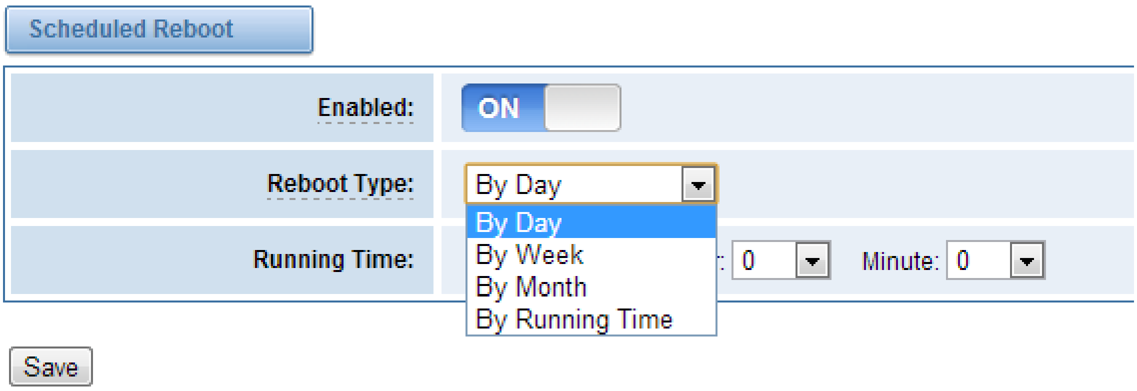


Figure 2-4-2 Reboot Types

If use your system frequently, you can set this enable, it can helps system work more efficient.

Working Mode

OpenVox Analog Gateway offers you two ways to cluster your gateway: Automatic Cluster or Manual Cluster. When you first time log in your gateway, you will only see 4 ports of one module.

Then you can press Automatic Cluster button, the system will search other modules in the LAN and communicate.

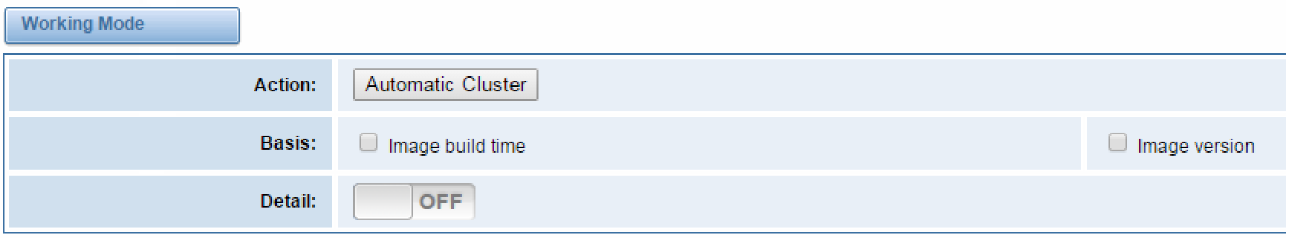


Figure 2-4-3 Automatic Cluster

If you want to choose **Manual Cluster**, you should switch **Detail** on first. so we offer 3 kinds of Working Modes.

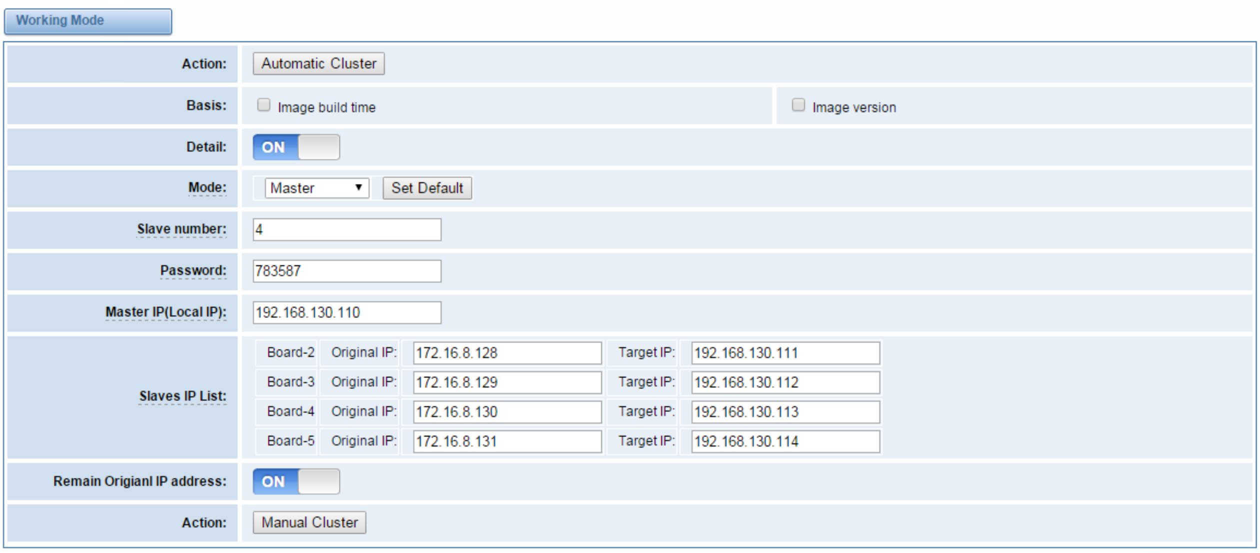


Figure 2-4-4 Working Modes

- Stand-alone Mode: Run alone, total 4 ports.
- Master Mode: Run as master with two different IP, controlling up to 10 slaves. (The master can be accessed by the original IP. The target IP is used to communicate with the slaves.)
- Slave Mode: Run as slave with two different IP, controlled by the master. If the original IP is forbidden, the slave can be accessed by the master with inward IP only.

Notice: You can choose Remain Original IP address ON or OFF. If set it on, you can log in your getaway with Original IP and Target IP.

Table 2-4-1 Definition of Master Options

Options	**Definition**
Mode	Stand-alone Mode Master Mode Slave Mode
Slave number	The number of slave board.
Password (master mode)	Master Mode password. Must be 4~16 bits digital 0-9.
Master IP(Local IP) (master mode)	Master's target IP. Must be set in the subnet different from external subnet, so that the external subnet couldn't access internal subnet.
Slaves IP List	Set the slaves's original and target IP. The original IP is outward IP, and the target IP is inward IP. Up to four slaves.

Reboot Tools

On the “Tools” pages, there are reboot, update, upload, backup and restore toolkits.
You can choose system reboot and Asterisk reboot separately.

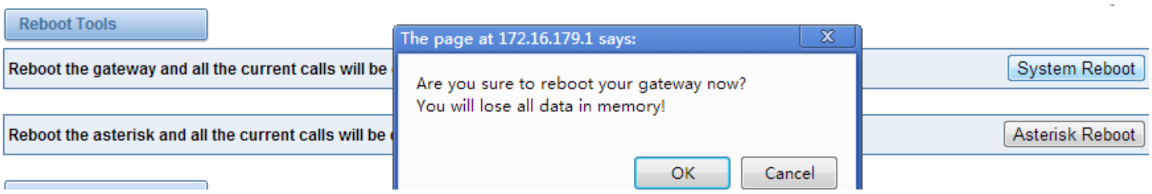


Figure 2-4-5 Reboot Prompt

If you press “Yes”, your system will reboot and all current calls will be dropped. Asterisk Reboot is the same.

Table 2-4-1 Instruction of reboots

Options	Definition
System Reboot	This will turn off your gateway and then turn it back on. This will drop all current calls.
Asterisk Reboot	This will restart Asterisk and drop all current calls.

We offer two kinds of update types for you, you can choose System Update or System Online Update. System Online Update is an easier way to update your system.

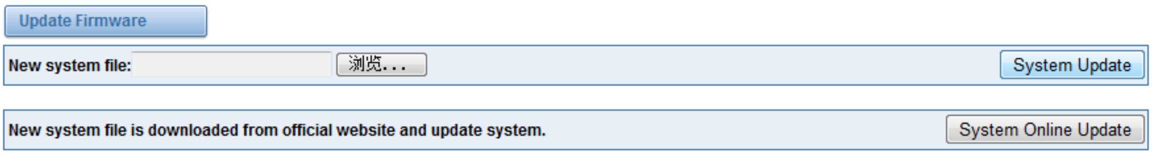


Figure 2-4-6 Update Firmware

If you want to store your previous configuration, you can first backup configuration, then you can upload configuration directly. That will be very convenient for you.

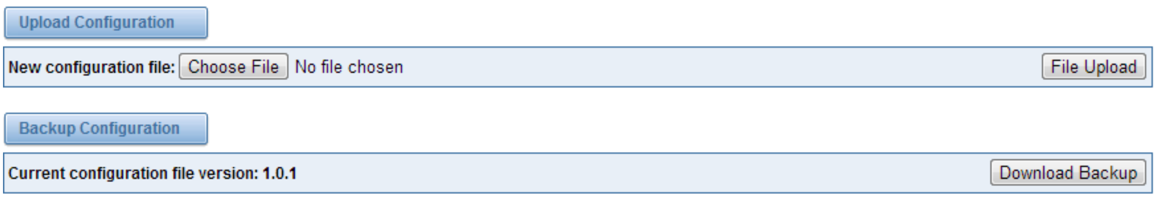


Figure 2-4-7 Upload and Backup

Sometimes there is something wrong with your gateway that you don’t know how to solve it, mostly you will select factory reset. Then you just need to press a button, your gateway will be reset to the factory status.

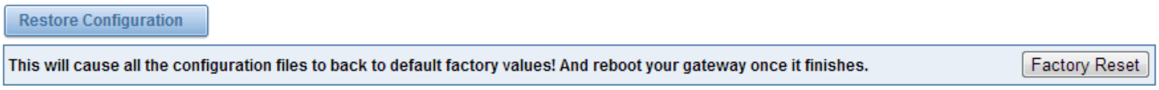


Figure 2-4-8 Factory Reset

Information

On the "Information" page, there shows some basic information about the analog gateway. You can see software and hardware version, storage usage, memory usage and some help information.

Model Name:	VS-AGU-E2M0800
Software Version:	1.0.3
Hardware Version:	1.0.0
Slot Number:	1
Storage Usage:	1.7M/63.5M (3%)
Memory Usage:	44.1395 % Memory Clean
Build Time:	2013-11-18 14:49:17
Contact Address:	F/3, Building 127, Jindi industrial zone, Futian district, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Tel:	+86-755-82535461
Fax:	+86-755-83823074
E-Mail:	support@openvox.cn
Web Site:	http://www.openvox.cn
Rebooting Counts:	15
System Time:	2013-11-22 15:59:40
System Uptime:	0 days 05:03:43

Figure 2-4-9 System Information

3. Analog

You can see much information about your ports on this page.

Channel Settings

Port	Type	Name	Caller ID	Sip Account	CID signalling	Rx gain	Tx gain	Actions
1	FXS	board1-port1	8001	None	bell	3.0	3.0	
2	FXS	board1-port2	8002	None	bell	3.0	3.0	
3	FXS	board1-port3	8003	None	bell	3.0	3.0	
4	FXS	board1-port4	8004	None	bell	3.0	3.0	
5	FXS	board1-port5	8005	None	bell	3.0	3.0	
6	FXS	board1-port6	8006	None	bell	3.0	3.0	
7	FXS	board1-port7	8007	None	bell	3.0	3.0	
8	FXS	board1-port8	8008	None	bell	3.0	3.0	

Figure 3-1-1 Channel System

On this page, you can see every port status, and click action  button to configure the port.

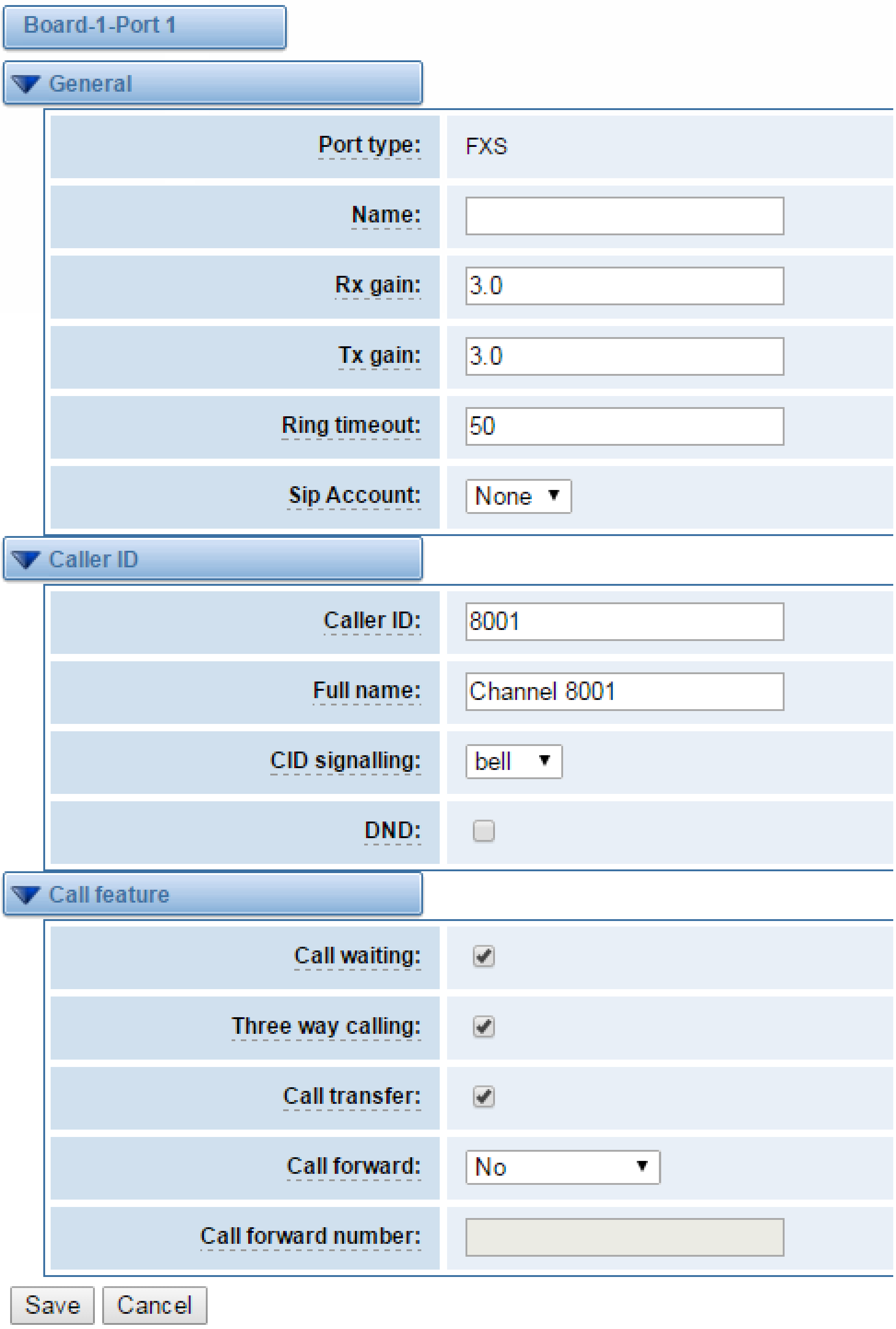


Figure 3-1-2 Port Configure

Dial Matching Table

Dialing rules is used to effectively judge whether the received number sequence is complete, in order to timely end receiving number and send out number
The correct use of dial-up rules, helps to shorten the turn-on time of phone call

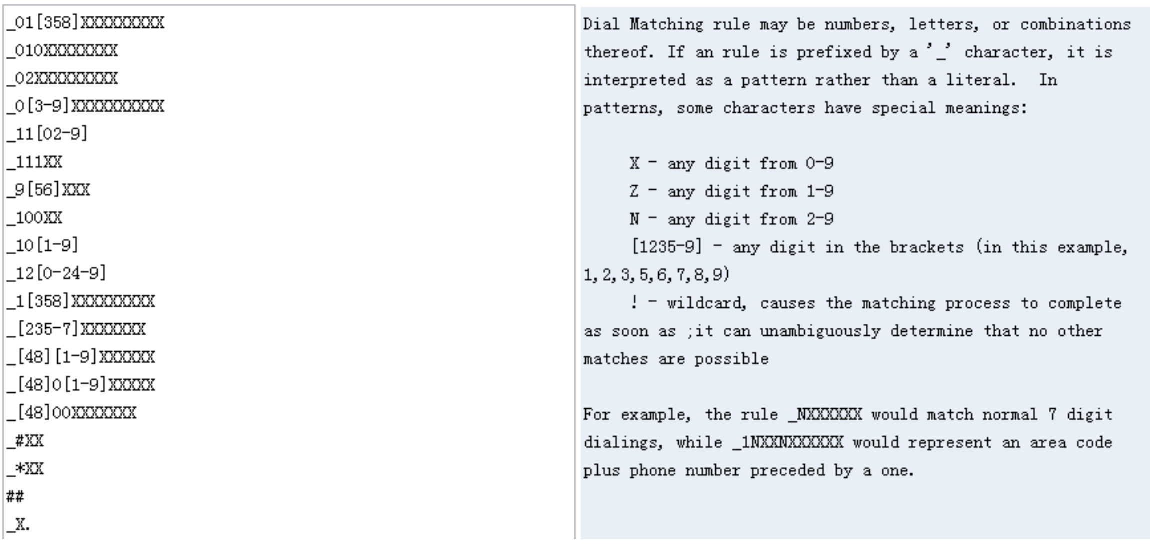


Figure 3-2-1 Port Configure

Advanced Settings

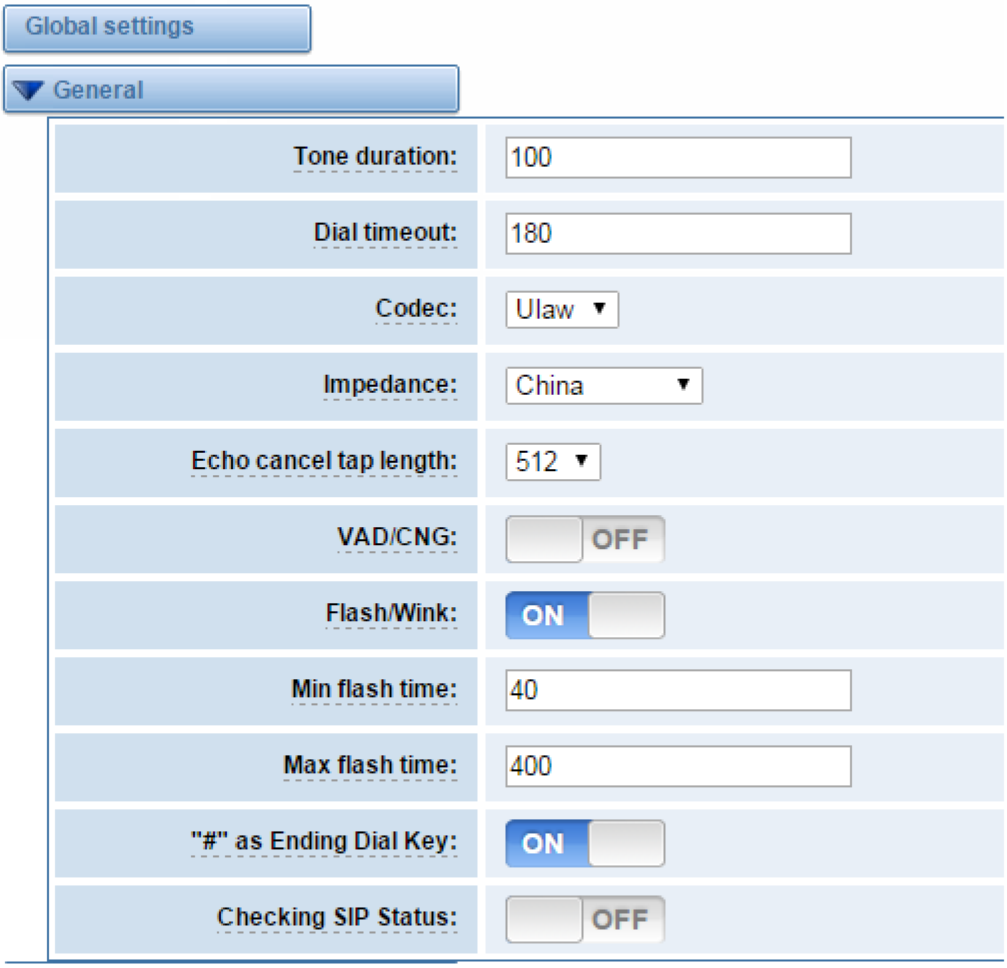


Figure 3-3-1 General Configuration

Table 3-3-1 Instruction of General

Options	Definition
Tone duration	How long generated tones (DTMF and MF) will be played on the channel. (in milliseconds)
Dial timeout	Specifies the number of seconds we attempt to dial the specified devices.
Codec	Set the global encoding : mulaw, alaw.
Impedance	Configuration for impedance.
Echo cancel tap length	Hardware echo canceler tap length.
VAD/CNG	Turn on/off VAD/CNG.
Flash/Wink	Turn on/off Flash/wink.
Min flash time	Min flash time.(in milliseconds).
Max flash time	Max flash time.(in milliseconds).
“#”as Ending Dial Key	Turn on/off Ending Dial Key.

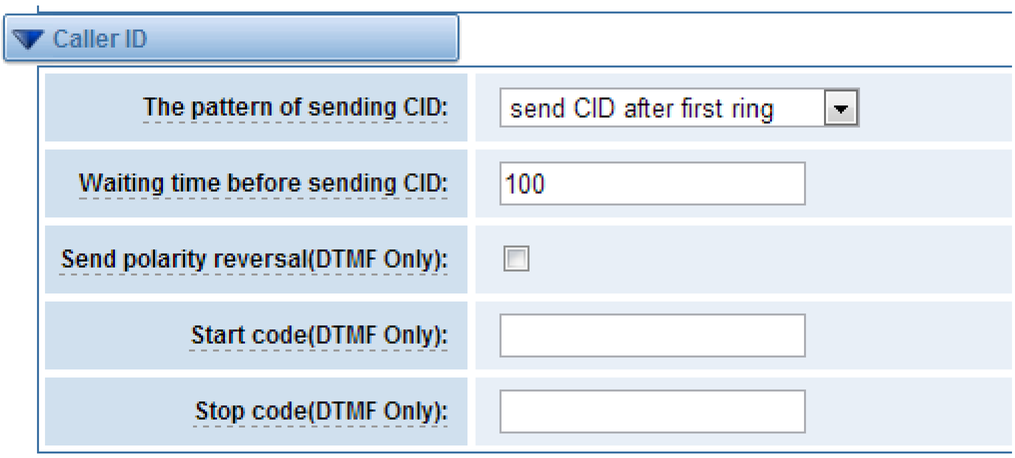


Figure 3-3-2 Caller ID

Table 3-3-2 Instruction of Caller ID

Options	Definition
The pattern of sending CID	Some countries(UK) have ring tones with different ring tones(ring-ring), which means the caller ID needs to be set later on, and not just after the first ring, as per the default(1).

Waiting time before sending CID	How long we will waiting before sending the CID on the channel.(in milliseconds).
Sending polarity reversal(DTMF Only)	Send polarity reversal before sending the CID on the channel.
Start code(DTMF Only)	Start code.
Stop code(DTMF Only)	Stop code.

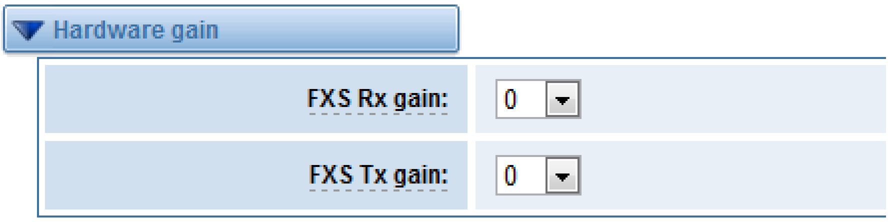


Figure 3-3-3 Hardware Gain

Table 3-3-3 Instruction of Hardware gain

Options	**Definition**
FXS Rx gain	Set the FXS port Rx gain. Range: -35, 0 or 35.
FXS Tx gain	Set the FXS port Tx gain. Range: -35, 0 or 35.

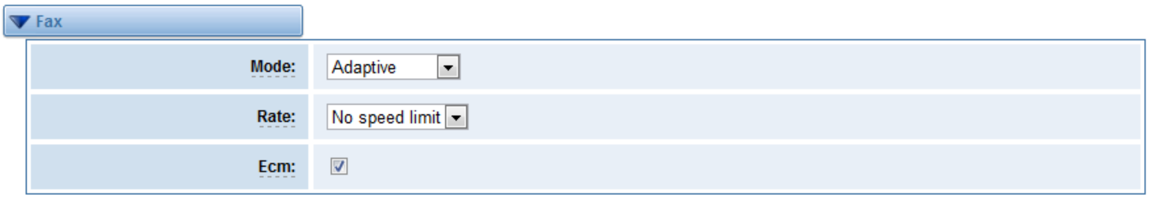


Figure 3-3-4 Fax Configuration

Table 3-3-4 Definition of Fax

Options	**Definition**
Mode	Set the transmission mode.
Rate	Set the rate of sending and receiving.
Ecm	Enable/disable T.30 ECM (error correction mode) by default.

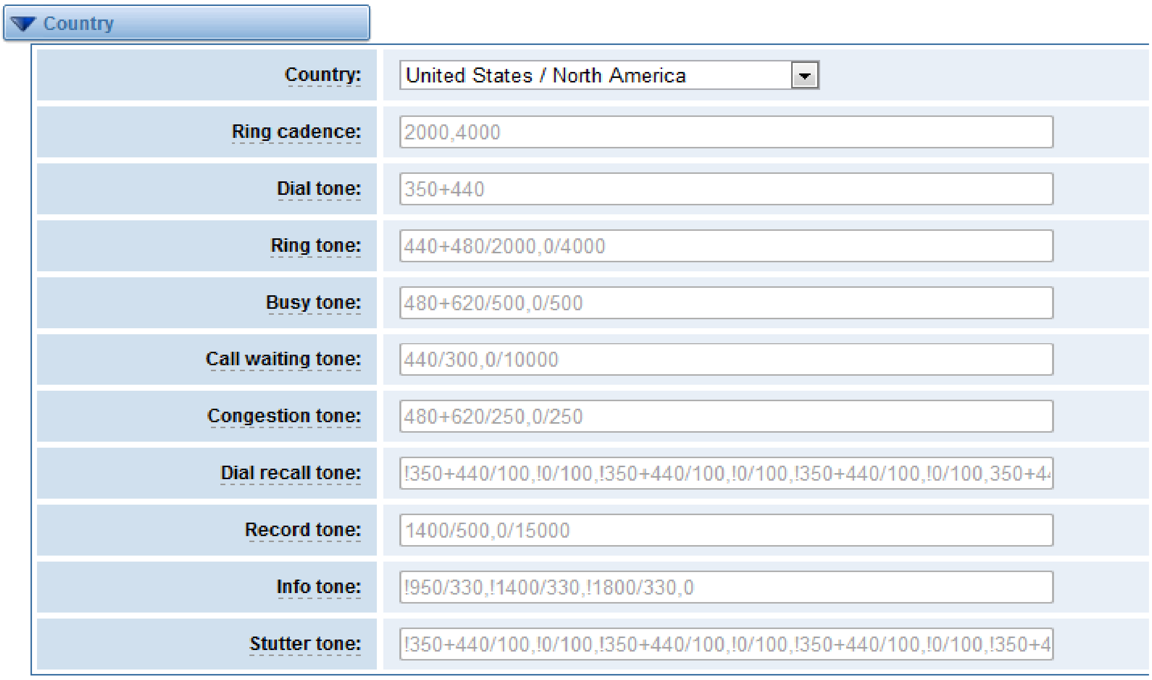


Figure 3-3-5 Country Configuration

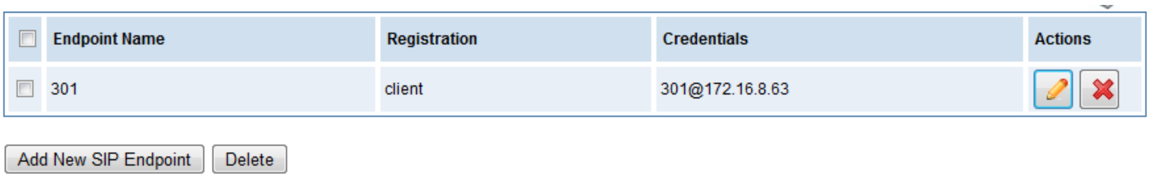
Table 3-3-5 Definition of Country

Options	**Definition**
Country	Configuration for location specific tone indications.
Ring cadence	List of durations the physical bell rings.
Dial tone	Set of tones to be played when one picks up the hook.
Ring tone	Set of tones to be played when the receiving end is ringing.
Busy tone	Set of tones played when the receiving end is busy.
Call waiting tone	Set of tones played when there is a call waiting in the background.
Congestion tone	Set of tones played when there is some congestion.
Dial recall tone	Many phone systems play a recall dial tone after hook flash.
Record tone	Set of tones played when call recording is in progress.
Info tone	Set of tones played with special information messages (e.g., number is out of service.)
Stutter tone	

4. SIP

SIP Endpoints

This page shows everything about your SIP, you can see status of each SIP.



	Endpoint Name	Registration	Credentials	Actions
	301	client	301@172.16.8.63	

Add New SIP Endpoint Delete

Figure 4-1-1 SIP Status

You can click Add New SIP Endpoint button to add a new SIP endpoint, and if you want to modify existed endpoints, you can click button.

Main Endpoint Settings

There are 3 kinds of registration types for choose. You can choose "Anonymous, Endpoint registers with this gateway or This gateway registers with the endpoint".

You can configure as follows:

If you set up a SIP endpoint by registration "None" to a server, then you can't register other SIP endpoints to this server. (If you add other SIP endpoints, this will cause Out-band Routes and Trunks confused.)

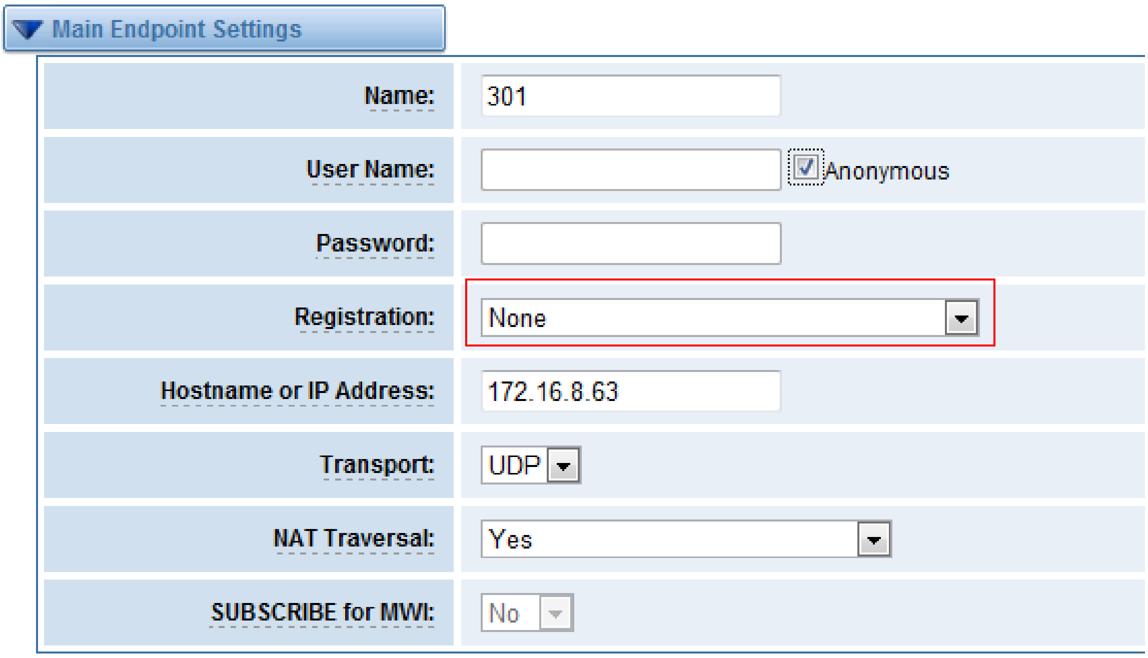


Figure 4-1-2 Anonymous Registration

For convenience, we have designed a method that you can register your SIP endpoint to your gateway, thus your gateway just work as a server.

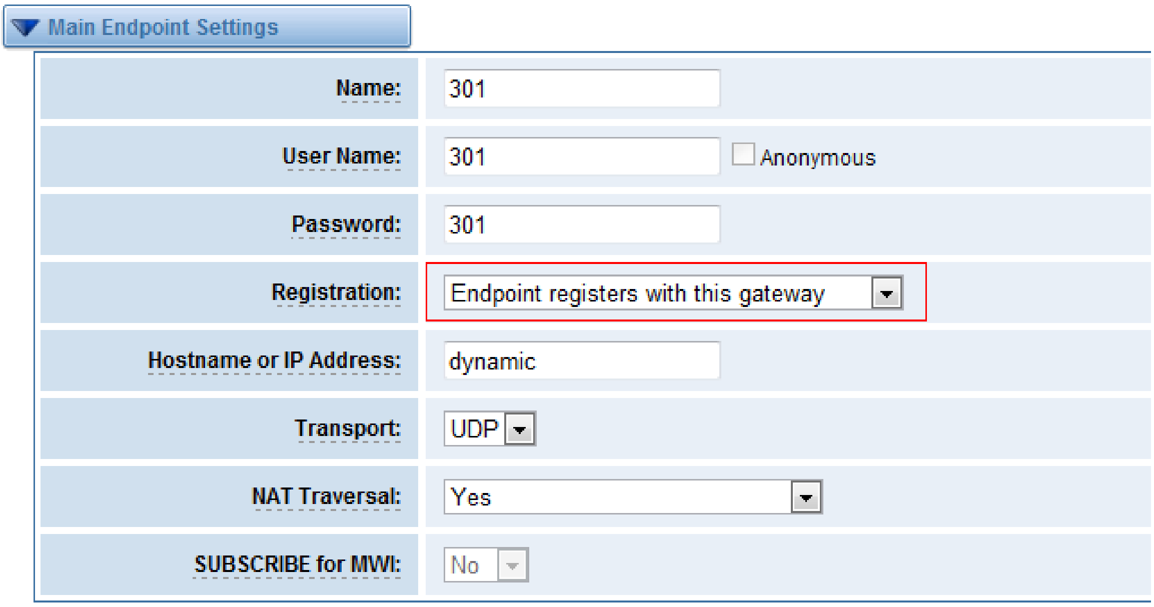


Figure 4-1-3 Register to Gateway

Also you can choose registration by “This gateway registers with the endpoint”, it’s the same with

“None”, except name and password.

Figure 4-1-4 Register to Server

Table 4-1-1 Definition of SIP Options

Options	**Definition**
Name	A name which is able to read by human. And it's only used for user's reference.
Username	User Name the endpoint will use to authenticate with the gateway.
Password	Password the endpoint will use to authenticate with the gateway. Allowed characters.
Registration	**None**---Not registering; **Endpoint registers with this gateway**---When register as this type, it means the GSM gateway acts as a SIP server, and SIP endpoints register to the gateway; **This gateway registers with the endpoint**---When register as this type, it means the GSM gateway acts as a client, and the endpoint should be register to a SIP server;
Hostname or IP Address	IP address or hostname of the endpoint or 'dynamic' if the endpoint has a dynamic IP address. This will require registration.

Transport	This sets the possible transport types for outgoing. Order of usage, when the respective transport protocols are enabled, is UDP, TCP, TLS. The first enabled transport type is only used for outbound messages until a Registration takes place. During the peer Registration the transport type may change to another supported type if the peer requests so.
NAT Traversal	Addresses NAT-related issues in incoming SIP or media sessions. **No**---Use Rport if the remote side says to use it. **Force Rport on**---Force Rport to always be on. **Yes**---Force Rport to always be on and perform comedia RTP handling. **Rport if requested and comedia**---Use Rport if the remote side says to use it and perform comedia RTP handling.

Advanced: Registration Options

Table 4-1-2 Definition of Registration Options

Options	**Definition**
Authentication User	A username to use only for registration.
Register Extension	When Gateway registers as a SIP user agent to a SIP proxy (provider), calls from this provider connect to this local extension.
From User	A username to identify the gateway to this endpoint.
From Domain	A domain to identify the gateway to this endpoint.
Remote Secret	A password which is only used if the gateway registers to the remote side.
Port	The port number the gateway will connect to at this endpoint.
Quality	Whether or not to check the endpoint's connection status.
Qualify Frequency	How often, in seconds, to check the endpoint's connection status.

Call Settings

Table 4-1-3 Definition of Call Options

Options	Definition
DTMF Mode	Set default DTMF Mode for sending DTMF. Default: rfc2833. Other options: 'info', SIP INFO message (application/dtmf-relay); 'Inband', Inband audio (require 64kbit codec -alaw, ulaw).
Call Limit	Setting a call-limit will cause calls above the limit not to be accepted.
Trust Remote-Party-ID	Whether or not the Remote-Party-ID header should be trusted.
Send Remote-Party-ID	Whether or not to send the Remote-Party-ID header.
Remote Party ID Format	How to set the Remote-Party-ID header: from Remote-Party-ID or from P-Asserted-Identity.
Caller ID Presentation	Whether or not to display Caller ID.

Advanced: Signaling Settings

Table 4-1-4 Definition of Signaling Options

Options	Definition
Progress Inband	Set default DTMF Mode for sending DTMF. Default: rfc2833. Other options: 'info', SIP INFO message (application/dtmf-relay); 'inband', Inband audio (require 64kbit codec -alaw, ulaw).
Allow Overlap Dialing	Allow Overlap Dialing: Whether or not to allow overlap dialing. Disabled by default.
Append user=phone to URI	Whether or not to add ‘; user=phone’ to URIs that contain a valid phone number.
Add Q.850 Reason Headers	Whether or not to add Reason header and to use it if it is available.

Honor SDP Version	By default, the gateway will honor the session version number in SDP packets and will only modify the SDP session if the version number change. Turn this option off to force the gateway to ignore the SDP session version number and treat all SDP data as new data. This is required for devices that send non-standard SDP packets (observed with Microsoft OCS). By default this option is on.
Allow Transfers	Whether or not to globally enable transfers. Choosing 'no' will disable all transfers (unless enabled in peers or users). Default is enabled.
Allow Promiscuous Redirects	Whether or not to allow 302 or REDIR to non-local SIP address. Note that promiscredir when redirects are made to the local system will cause loops since this gateway is incapable of performing a "hairpin" call.
Max Forwards	Setting for the SIP Max-Forwards header (loop prevention).
Send TRYING on REGISTER	Send a 100 Trying when the endpoint registers.
Outbound Proxy	A proxy to which the gateway will send all outbound signaling instead of sending signaling directly to endpoints.

Advanced: Timer Settings

Table 4-1-5 Definition of Timer Options

Options	**Definition**
Default T1 Timer	This timer is used primarily in INVITE transactions. The default for Timer T1 is 500ms or the measured run-trip time between the gateway and the device if you have qualify=yes for the device.
Call Setup Timer	If a provisional response is not received in this amount of time, the call will auto-congest. Defaults to 64 times the default T1 timer.
Session Timers	Session-Timers feature operates in the following three modes: originate, Request and run session-timers always; accept, run session-timers only when requested by other UA; refuse, do not run session timers in any case.

Minimum Session Refresh Interval	Minimum session refresh interval in seconds. Default is 90secs.
Maximum Session Refresh Interval	Maximum session refresh interval in seconds. Defaults to 1800secs.
Session Refresher	The session refresher, uac or uas. Defaults to uas.

Media Settings

Table 4-1-6 Definition of Media Settings

Options	**Definition**
Media Settings	Select codec from the drop down list. Codecs should be different for each Codec Priority.

Batch SIP Endpoint

If you want add batch Sip accounts, you can configure this page. Look out: this is only used when "This gateway registers with the endpoint" work mode.

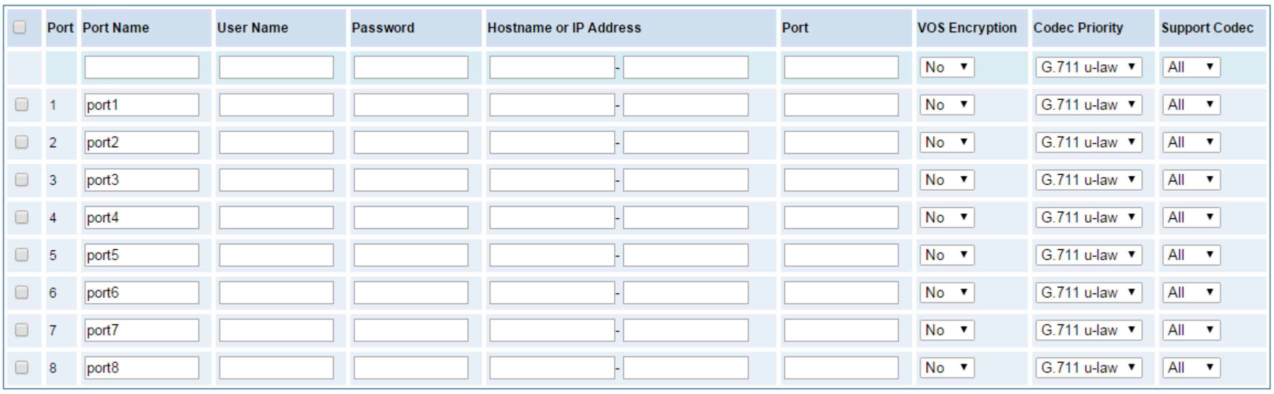


Figure 4-2-1 Batch SIP Endpoint

Advanced SIP Settings

Networking

Table 4-3-1 Definition of Networking Options

Options	Definition
UDP Bind Port	Choose a port on which to listen for UDP traffic.
Enable TCP	Enable server for incoming TCP connection (default is no).
TCP Bind Port	Choose a port on which to listen for TCP traffic.
TCP Authentication Timeout	The maximum number of seconds a client has to authenticate. If the client does not authenticate before this timeout expires, the client will be disconnected.(default value is: 30 seconds).
TCP Authentication Limit	The maximum number of unauthenticated sessions that will be allowed to connect at any given time(default is:50).
Enable Hostname Lookup	Enable DNS SRV lookups on outbound calls Note: the gateway only uses the first host in SRV records Disabling DNS SRV lookups disables the ability to place SIP calls based on domain names to some other SIP users on the Internet specifying a port in a SIP peer definition or when dialing outbound calls with suppress SRV lookups for that peer or call.
Enable Internal SIP Call	Whether enable the internal SIP calls or not when you select the registration option "Endpoint registers with this gateway".
Internal SIP Call Prefix	Specify a prefix before routing the internal calls.

NAT Settings

Table 4-3-2 Definition of NAT Settings

Options	Definition
Local Network	Format:192.168.0.0/255.255.0.0 or 172.16.0.0./12. A list of IP address or IP ranges which are located inside a NATed network. This gateway will replace the internal IP address in SIP and SDP messages with the external IP address when a NAT exists between the gateway and other endpoints.
Local Network List	Local IP address list that you added.
Subscribe Network Change Event	Through the use of the test_stun_monitor module, the gateway has the ability to detect when the perceived external network address has changed. When the stun_monitor is installed and configured, chan_sip will renew all outbound registrations when the monitor detects any sort of network change has occurred. By default this option is enabled, but only takes effect once res_stun_monitor is configured. If res_stun_monitor is enabled and you wish to not generate all outbound registrations on a network change, use the option below to disable this feature.

Advanced: NAT Settings

Table 4-3-3 Definition of NAT Settings Options

Options	Definition
Start of RTP Port Range	Start of range of port numbers to be used for RTP.
End of RTP port Range	End of range of port numbers to be used for RTP.
RTP Timeout	

Parsing and Compatibility

Table 4-3-4 Instruction of Parsing and Compatibility

Options	**Definition**
Strict RFC Interpretation	Check header tags, character conversion in URIs, and multiline headers for strict SIP compatibility(default is yes)
Send Compact Headers	Send compact SIP headers
SDP Owner	Allows you to change the username filed in the SDP owner string. This filed MUST NOT contain spaces.
Disallowed SIP Methods	The external hostname (and optional TCP port) of the NAT.
Shrink Caller ID	The shrinkcallerid function removes '(', ' ', ')', non-trailing '.', and '-' not in square brackets. For example, the caller id value 555.5555 becomes 5555555 when this option is enabled. Disabling this option results in no modification of the caller id value, which is necessary when the caller id represents something that must be preserved. By default this option is on.
Maximum Registration Expiry	Maximum allowed time of incoming registrations and subscriptions (seconds).
Minimum Registration Expiry	Minimum length of registrations/subscriptions (default 60).
Default Registration Expiry	Default length of incoming/outgoing registration.
Registration Timeout	How often, in seconds, to retry registration calls. Default 20 seconds.
Number of Registration Attempts Enter '0' for unlimited	Number of registration attempts before we give up. 0 = continue forever, hammering the other server until it accepts the registration. Default is 0 tries, continue forever.

Security

Table 4-3-5 Instruction of Security

Options	Definition
Match Auth Username	If available, match user entry using the 'username' field from the authentication line instead of the 'from' field.
Realm	Realm for digest authentication. Realms MUST be globally unique according to RFC 3261. Set this to your host name or domain name.
Use Domain as Realm	Use the domain from the SIP Domains setting as the realm. In this case, the realm will be based on the request 'to' or 'from' header and should match one of the domain. Otherwise, the configured 'realm' value will be used.
Always Auth Reject	When an incoming INVITE or REGISTER is to be rejected, for any reason, always reject with an identical response equivalent to valid username and invalid password/hash instead of letting the requester know whether there was a matching user or peer for their request. This reduces the ability of an attacker to scan for valid SIP usernames. This option is set to 'yes' by default.
Authenticate Options Requests	Enabling this option will authenticate OPTIONS requests just like INVITE requests are. By default this option is disabled.
Allow Guest Calling	Allow or reject guest calls (default is yes, to allow). If your gateway is connected to the Internet and you allow guest calls, you want to check which services you offer everyone out there, by enabling them in the default context.

Media

Table 4-3-6 Instruction of Media

Options	**Definition**
Premature Media	Some ISDN links send empty media frames before the call is in ringing or progress state. The SIP channel will then send 183 indicating early media which will be empty - thus users get no ring signal. Setting this to "yes" will stop any media before we have call progress (meaning the SIP channel will not send 183 Session Progress for early media). Default is 'yes'. Also make sure that the SIP peer is configured with progressinband=never. In order for 'noanswer' applications to work, you need to run the progress() application in the priority before the app.
TOS for SIP Packets	Sets type of service for SIP packets
TOS for RTP Packets	Sets type of service for RTP packets

5. Network, Advanced and Logs

Network

On "Network" page, there are "Network Settings", "DDNS Settings", and "Toolkit".

Network Settings

There are three types of LAN port IP, Factory, Static and DHCP. Factory is the default type, and it is 172.16.99.1. When you Choose LAN IPv4 type is "Factory", this page is not editable.
A reserved IP address to access in case your gateway IP is not available. Remember to set a similar network segment with the following address of your local PC.

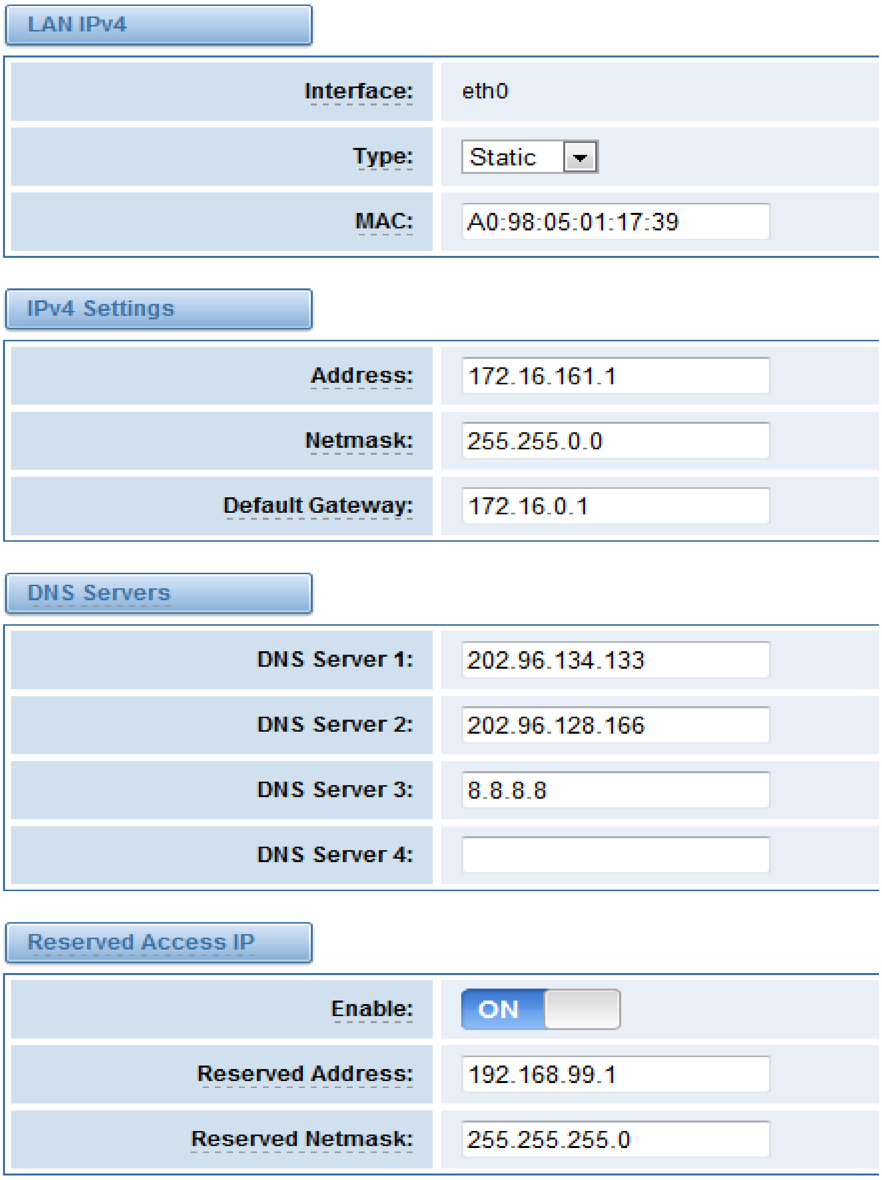


Figure 5-1-1 LAN Settings Interface

Table 5-1-1 Definition of Network Settings

Options	**Definition**
Interface	The name of network interface.
Type	The method to get IP. Factory: Getting IP address by Slot Number (System → information to check slot number). Static: manually set up your gateway IP. DHCP: automatically get IP from your local LAN.
MAC	Physical address of your network interface.
Address	The IP address of your gateway.
Netmask	The subnet mask of your gateway.
Default Gateway	Default getaway IP address.
Reserved Access IP	A reserved IP address to access in case your gateway IP is not available. Remember to set a similar network segment with the following address of your local PC.
Enable	A switch to enable the reserved IP address or not. ON(enabled), OFF(disabled)
Reserved Address	The reserved IP address for this gateway.
Reserved Netmask	The subnet mask of the reserved IP address.

Basically this info is from your local network service provider, and you can fill in four DNS servers.

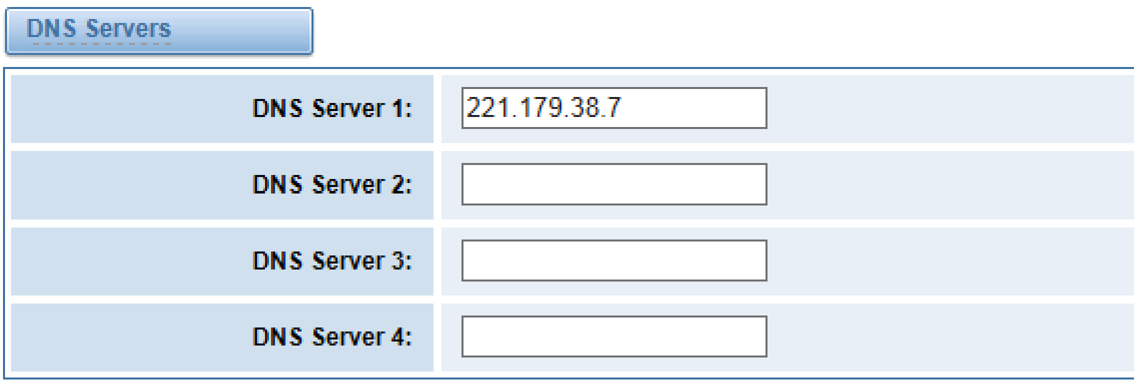


Figure 5-1-2 DNS Interface

Table 5-1-2 Definition of DNS Settings

Options	Definition
DNS Servers	A list of DNS IP address. Basically this info is from your local network service provider.

VPN Settings

You can upload the OpenVPN client configuration, if success, you can see a VPN virtual network card on SYSTEM status page. About the configure format you can refer to the Notice and Sample configuration.

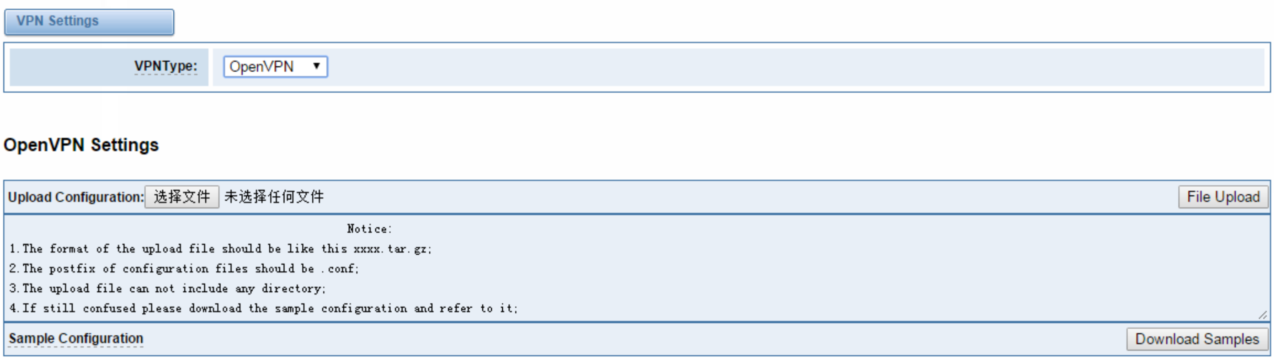


Figure 5-1-3 OpenVPN Interface

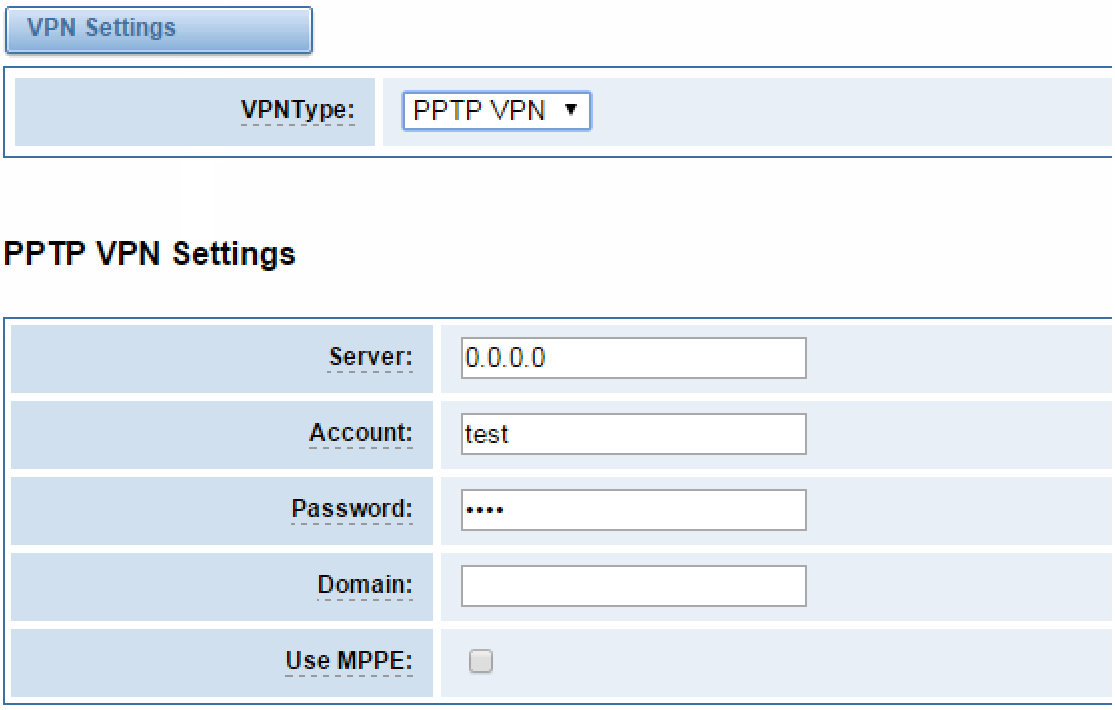


Figure 5-1-4 PPTP VPN Interface

DDNS Settings

You can enable or disable DDNS (dynamic domain name server).

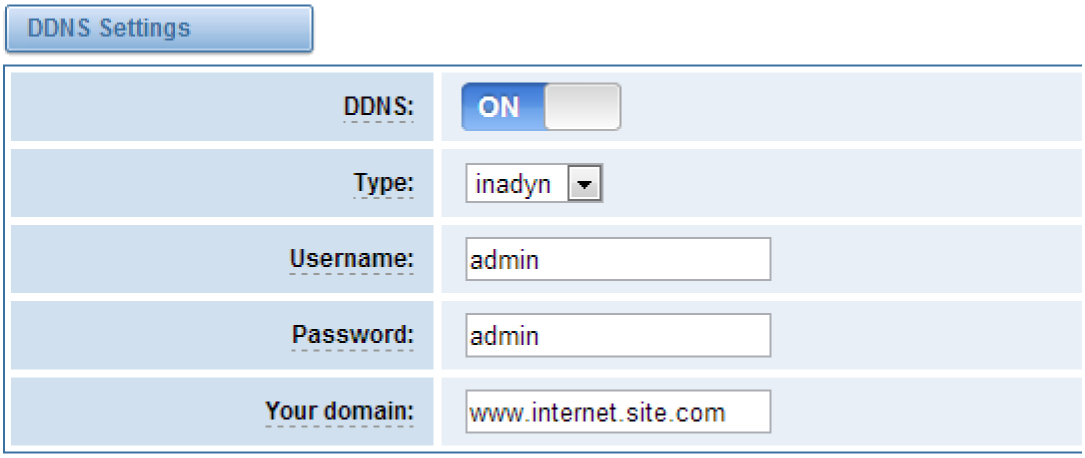


Figure 5-1-5 DDNS Interface

Table 5-1-3 Definition of DDNS Settings

Options	**Definition**
DDNS	Enable/Disable DDNS(dynamic domain name server)
Type	Set the type of DDNS server.
Username	Your DDNS account's login name.
Password	Your DDNS account's password.
Your domain	The domain to which your web server will belong.

Toolkit

It is used to check network connectivity. Support Ping command on web GUI.

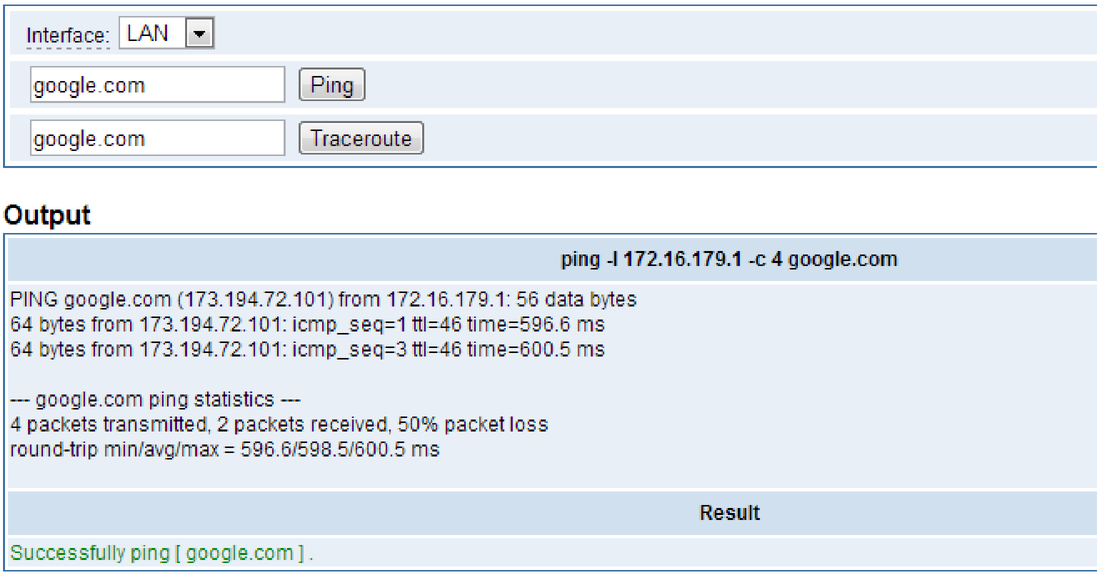


Figure 5-1-6Network Connectivity Checking

Advanced

Asterisk API

When you make “Enable” switch to “on”, this page is available.

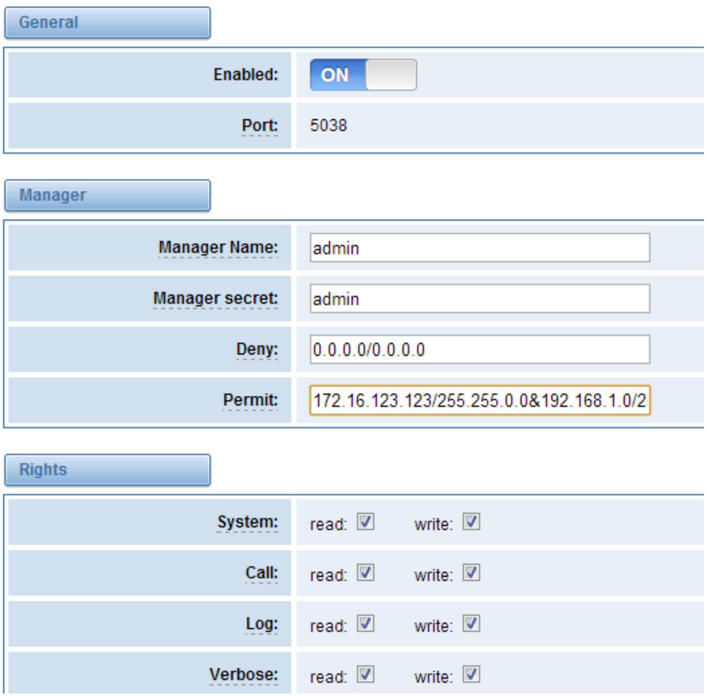


Figure 5-2-1 API Interface

Table 5-2-1 Definition of Asterisk API

Options	Definition
Port	Network port number
Manager Name	Name of the manager without space
Manager secret	Password for the manager. Characters: Allowed characters "-_+.<>&0-9a-zA-Z". Length:4-32 characters.
Deny	If you want to deny many hosts or networks, use char & as separator. Example: 0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0 or 192.168.1.0/255.255.255.0&10.0.0.0/255.0.0.0
Permit	If you want to permit many hosts or network, use char & as separator. Example: 0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0 or 192.168.1.0/255.255.255.0&10.0.0.0/255.0.0.0
System	General information about the system and ability to run system management commands, such as Shutdown, Restart, and Reload.
Call	Information about channels and ability to set information in a running channel.
Log	Logging information. Read-only. (Defined but not yet used.)
Verbose	Verbose information. Read-only. (Defined but not yet used.)
Command	Permission to run CLI commands. Write-only.
Agent	Information about queues and agents and ability to add queue members to a queue.
User	Permission to send and receive UserEvent.
Config	Ability to read and write configuration files.
DTMF	Receive DTMF events. Read-only.
Reporting	Ability to get information about the system.
CDR	Output of cdr, manager, if loaded. Read-only.
Dialplan	Receive NewExten and Varset events. Read-only.
Originate	Permission to originate new calls. Write-only.
All	Select all or deselect all.

Once you set like the above figure, the host 172.16.123.123/255.255.0.0 is allowed to access the gateway API. Please refer to the following figure to access the gateway API by putty. 172.16.123.123 is the gateway's IP, and 5038 is its API port.

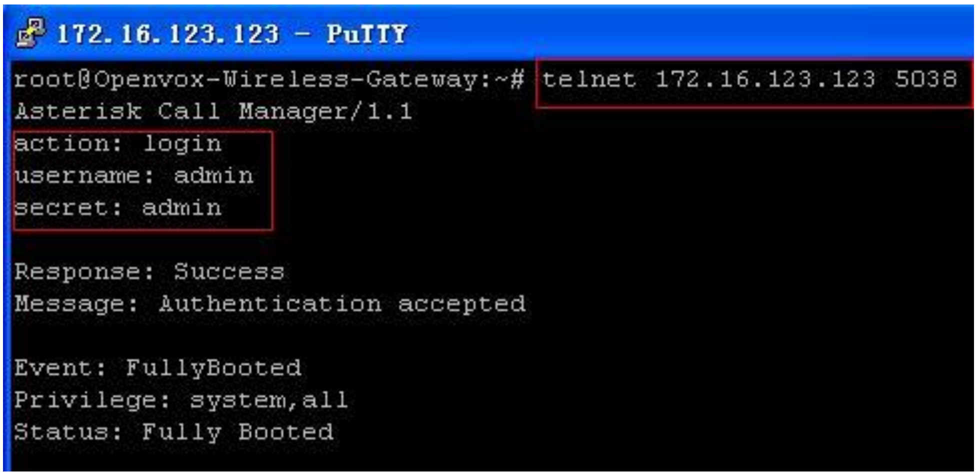


Figure 5-2-2 Putty Access

Asterisk CLI

In this page, you are allowed to run Asterisk commands.

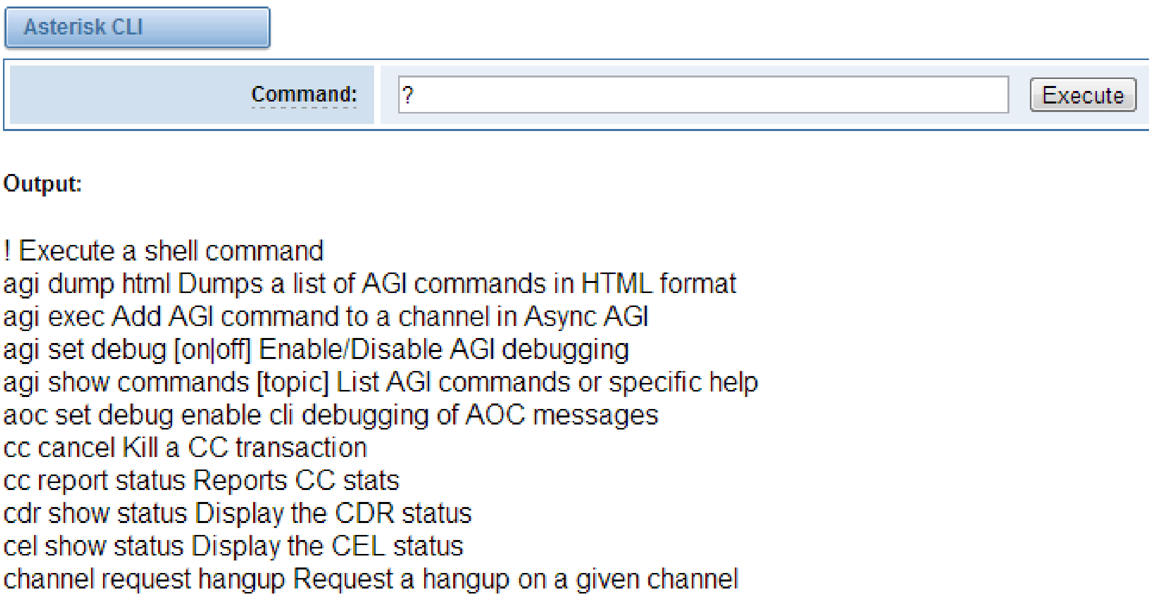


Figure 5-2-3 Asterisk Command Interface

Table 5-2-2 Definition of Asterisk API

Options	**Definition**
Command	Type your Asterisk CLI commands here to check or debug your gateway.

If you type "help" or "?" and execute it, the page will show you the executable commands.

Asterisk File Editor

On this page, you are allowed to edit and create configuration files.
Click the file to edit.

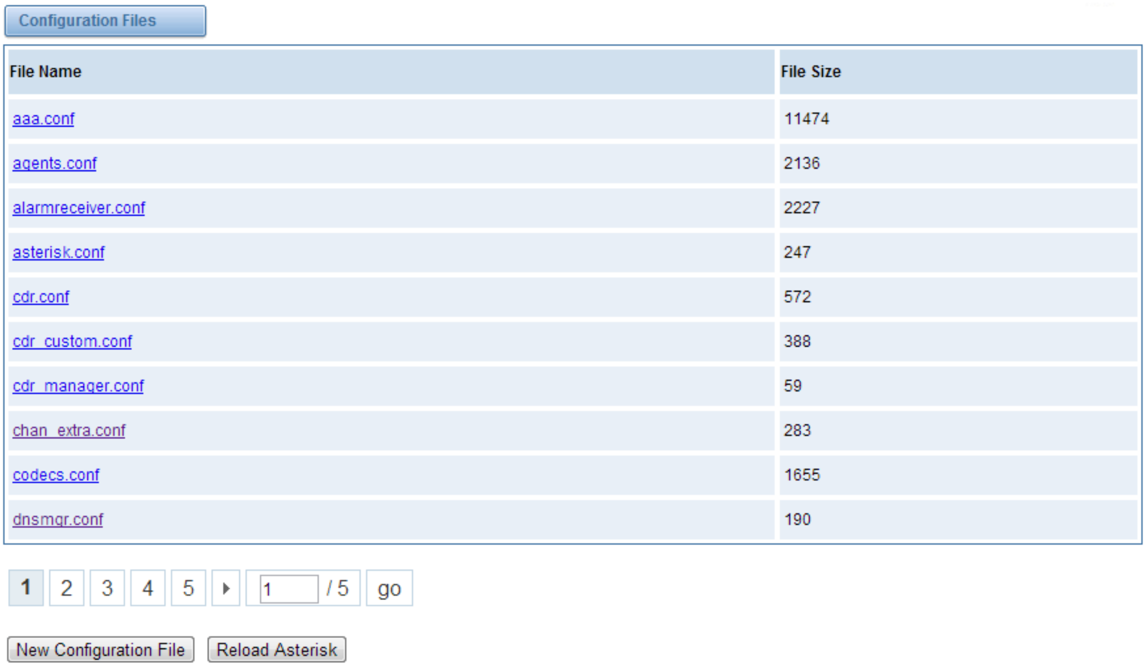


Figure 5-2-4 Configuration Files List

Click "New Configuration File" to create a new configuration file. After editing or creating, please reload Asterisk.

Logs

On the "Log Settings" page, you should set the related logs on to scan the responding logs page. For example, set "System Logs" on like the following, then you can turn to "System" page for system logs, otherwise, system logs is unavailable. And the same with other log pages.

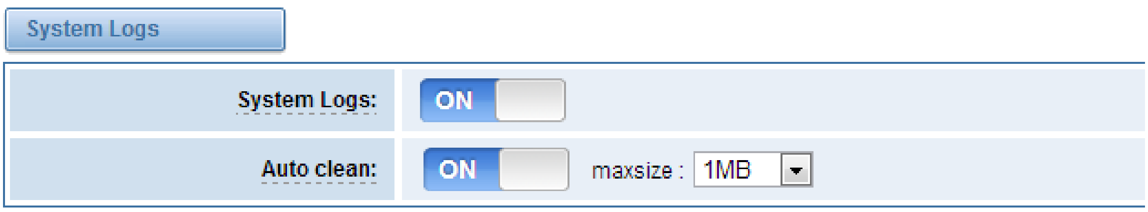


Figure 5-3-1 System Logs Control

System Logs

```
[2013/07/05 18:51:20] Power on
[2013/07/08 11:14:57] Power on
[2013/07/09 13:56:56] System Update
[2013/07/09 13:59:08] Power on
[2013/07/09 14:59:43] System Update
[2013/07/09 15:07:18] System Update
[2013/07/09 15:10:33] System Update
[2013/07/09 15:27:58] System Update
[2013/07/09 15:44:20] System Update
[2013/07/09 15:46:54] System Update
[2013/07/09 15:47:03] Power off
[2013/07/09 15:47:52] Power on
[2013/07/09 15:59:26] Power on
[2013/07/10 18:08:57] Power off
[2013/07/10 18:09:35] Power on
[2013/07/11 14:30:22] System Update
[2013/07/11 14:30:44] Power off
[2013/07/11 14:31:19] Power on
[2013/07/12 17:00:41] Power off
[2013/07/12 17:01:15] Power on
[2013/07/12 17:26:09] System Update
```

Figure 5-3-2 System Logs Output

Notice: The same to Asterisk Logs and SIP Logs.

Table 5-3-1 Definition of LOG

Options	**Definition**
System Logs	Whether enable or disable system log.
Auto clean (System Logs)	switch on : when the size of log file reaches the max size, the system will cut a half of the file. New logs will be retained. switch off : logs will remain, and the file size will increase gradually. default on, max size=1MB.
Verbose	Asterisk console verbose message switch.
Notice	Asterisk console notice message switch.
Warning	Asterisk console warning message switch.
Debug	Asterisk console debug message switch.
Error	Asterisk console error message switch.

DTMF	Asterisk console DTMF info switch.
Auto clean: (asterisk logs)	switch on : when the size of log file reaches the max size, the system will cut a half of the file. New logs will be retained. switch off : logs will remain, and the file size will increase gradually. default on, max size=100KB.
SIP Logs:	Whether enable or disable SIP log.
Auto clean: (SIP logs)	switch on : when the size of log file reaches the max size, the system will cut a half of the file. New logs will be retained. switch off : logs will remain, and the file size will increase gradually. default on, default size=100KB.

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